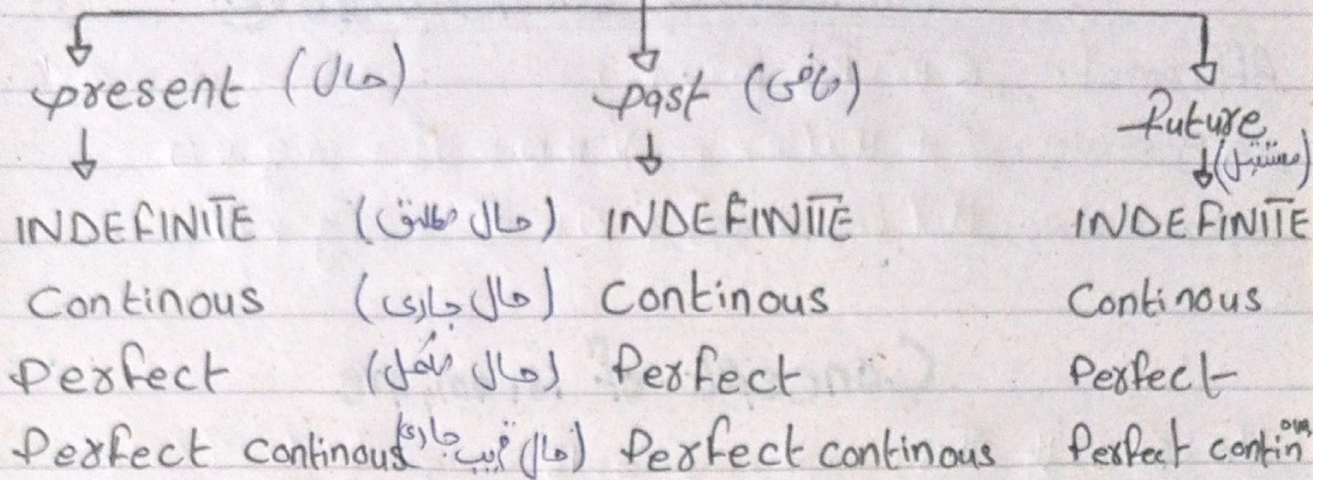


TENSE (زَمَان)



1. Present Indefinite (1)

پہچان:

Affirmative: $S + V_1 + O$

تایید کرتی ہے کہ

Negative: $S + Do/Does + not + V_1 + O$

Interrogative: $Do/Does + S + V_1 + O ?$

Concept of s, es, ies

- verbs ending with (O, CH, SH, Z, S, SS, X) → $+ es$
- verbs ending with A consonant followed by (Y) → $+ ies$
- verbs ending with A vowel (A, E, I, O, U) followed by (Y) → $+ s$
- all other verbs (no matter which ending they have) → $+ s$

Examples

He eat a apple.

وہ سیب کھاتا ہے۔

He does not a apple

وہ سیب نہیں کھاتا ہے۔

Does he eat a apple?

کیا وہ سیب کھاتا ہے؟

Concep of do, does

He, She, It, singular → does, I, you, we, they → do

2. Present Continuous ②

Affirmative: S + VI + ing + O

negative: S + H.v (is, am, are) not + VI + ing + O

Interrogative: H.v (is, am, are) + S + VI + ing + O?

Concept of is, am, are

He, she, It, This, Singular name $\Rightarrow$ is I $\Rightarrow$ am

You, we, They, Those, These $\Rightarrow$ are

Examples

I am eating food.

میں کھانا کھا رہا ہوں

I am not eating food.

میں کھانا نہیں کھا رہا ہوں

am I eating food?

کیا میں کھانا کھا رہا ہوں؟

3. Present Perfect ③

Affirmative: S + has/have + VIII + O

negative: S + has not / have not + VIII + O

Interrogative: has/have + S + not + VIII + O?

Concept of has, have

He, She, It, Singular noun $\Rightarrow$ has, I, we, you, they $\Rightarrow$ have

Examples

we have memorized the lesson.

ہم سبق یاد کر چکے ہیں۔

we have not memorized the lesson.

ہم سبق نہیں یاد کر چکے ہیں۔

have we not memorized the lesson?

کیا ہم سبق یاد کر چکے ہیں؟

4. Present perfect continuous (پہچان)

Affirmative: S + has been / have been + VI + ing + O + Since / For
 Negative: S + has not been / have not been + VI + ing + O + Since / For
 Interrogative: Have / has + S + been + VI + ing + O + Since / For

Concept of has been, have been

He, She, It, singular noun $\Rightarrow$ has been, I, you, we, they $\Rightarrow$ have been

میں	غیر میں
Started time	Duration of time
Since	For
1990	30 Years
mon day	5 hours
morning / evening	3 hours
8.0 clock	2 hours
Last week	For a last time
child hood	For many years

جب چھوٹے وقت کی بات ہو جیسے: چار گھنٹے: (for) استعمال ہوتا ہے
 جب بڑے وقت کی بات ہو جیسے: Since 1990 (since) استعمال ہوتا ہے۔

Examples

I have been Reading english for 2 month - میں دو مہینوں سے انگلش پڑھ رہا ہوں۔
 I have not been reading english for 2 month - میں دو مہینوں سے انگلش نہیں پڑھ رہا ہوں۔
 have I been reading english for 2 month? - کیا میں دو مہینوں سے انگلش پڑھ رہا ہوں؟

1. Past Indefinite ①

پہچان :-

Affirmative: $S + V_{II} + O$

تھا، تھی، تھے، ای، نے

Negative: $S + did\ not + V_I + O$

Interrogative: $did + S + V_I + O?$

Examples

I ate Food.

میں نے کھانا کھایا تھا۔

I did not eat Food.

میں نے کھانا نہیں کھایا تھا۔

Did I eat Food?

کیا میں نے کھانا کھایا تھا؟

2. Past Continuous ②

پہچان :-

Affirmative: $S + H_{ov}(was/were) + V_I + ing + O$

رہا تھا، رہی تھی، رہتے تھے

Negative: $S + H_{ov}(was\ not/were\ not) + V_I + ing + O$

Interrogative: $H_{ov}(was/were) + S + V_I + ing + O?$

Concept of was, were

He, She, It, Singular name, I $\Rightarrow$ was, you, we, they $\Rightarrow$ were

Examples

we were going to mosque.

ہم مسجد جا رہے تھے۔

we were not going to mosque.

ہم مسجد نہیں جا رہے تھے۔

were we going to mosque?

کیا ہم مسجد جا رہے تھے؟

3. Past perfect (3) پہچان :-

Affirmative: S + (had) + $\sqrt{\text{III}}$ + O

چلائے، چکی تھی، چک چک تھی

Negative: S + (had) not + $\sqrt{\text{III}}$ + O

Interrogative: (had) + S + $\sqrt{\text{III}}$ + O?

Example

we had played.

ہم کھیل چکے تھے۔

we had not played

ہم نہیں کھیل چکے تھے۔

had we played?

کیا ہم کھیل چکے تھے؟

4. Past perfect continuous (4) پہچان :-

Affirmative: S + had been + $\sqrt{\text{I}}$ + ing + O + Since/For For/Since

Negative: S + had been + not + $\sqrt{\text{I}}$ + ing + O + since/for

Interrogative: Had + S + been + $\sqrt{\text{I}}$ + ing + O + Since/For?

Example

It had been raining for 3 hour - بارش تین گھنٹے سے ہو رہی تھی۔

It had been not raining for 3 hour - بارش تین گھنٹے سے نہیں ہو رہی تھی۔

had It been raining for 3 hour? - کیا بارش تین گھنٹے سے ہو رہی تھی؟

1. Future Indefinite

بیجاں

Affirmative: S + will + V_I + O

Negative: S + will not + V_I + O

Interrogative: will + S + V_I + O?

Examples

I will go to Medina.

I will not go to Medina.

Will I go to Medina?

میں مدینہ جاؤں گا۔

میں مدینہ نہیں جاؤں گا۔

کیا میں مدینہ جاؤں گا؟

2. Future Continuous

بیجاں

Affirmative: S + ^{not} H_ov (will be) + V_I + ing + O

Negative: S + H_ov (will be) + ~~not~~ + V_I + ing + O

Interrogative: will + S + be + V_I + ing + O?

Examples

They will be playing.

They will not be playing.

Will they be playing?

وہ کھیل رہے ہوں گے۔

وہ کھیل نہیں رہے ہوں گے۔

کیا وہ کھیل رہے ہوں گے؟

3. Future perfect 3 تعیان

Affirmative: S + H.v (will has/will have) + $\sqrt{III}$ + O جہاں ہوگا، جہاں ہوگی، جہاں ہونگا

Negative: S + H.v (will not has/will not have) + $\sqrt{III}$ + O

Interrogative: will + S + has/have + v3 + O ?

Concept of will has/will have

He, She, It, singular name $\Rightarrow$ will has

I, we, you, They $\Rightarrow$ will have

Examples

He will has ^{left} done the office at 6:00 pm وہ 6 بجے آفس سے آچکا ہوگا

He will not has " the office at 6:00 pm وہ 6 بجے آفس سے نہیں آچکا ہوگا

Will he has " the office at 6:00 pm? کیا وہ 6 بجے آفس سے آچکا ہوگا؟

4. Future perfect continuous 4 تعیان

Affirmative: S + (will has been/will have been) + $\sqrt{I}$ + ing + O + since/for وہ 9 بجے سے کام کر رہا ہوگا

Negative: S + will not has been/will not have been) + $\sqrt{I}$ + ing + O + since/for

Interrogative: will + S + has been/have been + $\sqrt{I}$ + ing + O + since/for

Example

میں کل 9 بجے سے کام کر رہا ہوں گا۔

I will have been working since 9:00 o'clocks

میں کل 9 بجے سے کام نہیں کر رہا ہوں گا۔

I will not have been working since 9:00 o'clocks

کیا میں کل 9 بجے سے کام کر رہا ہوں گا؟

Will I have been working since 9:00 o'clocks?

LAB , TOS

✓2	معنی	✓2	✓3	✓4	✓5
go	جانا	went	gone	یہی فارم آخری (e) کو ہٹا کر (ing) لگادینے سے بنتی ہے۔	یہی فارم آخری (y) کو اضافہ کر کے بنتی ہے۔
come	آنا	came	come		
eat	کھانا	Ate	eaten		
work	کام	worked	worked		
Drink	پینا	Drank	Drunk		
Read	پڑھنا	Read	Read		
write	لکھنا	wrote	written		
Do	کرنا	Did	Done		
Speak	بولنا	soke	Spoken		
Tell	بتانا	Told	Told		
watch	دیکھنا	watched	watched		
cook	پکانا	cooked	cooked		
sale	بھیجنا	Sold	Sold		
open	کھولنا	opened	opened		
close	بند کرنا	closed	closed		
wash	دھونا	washed	washed		
clean	صاف کرنا	cleaned	cleaned		
Buy	خرید کرنا	Bought	Booght		
run	بھاگنا	ran	run		

ARTICLE

Definition,

The word "a" or "an" and "the" are called.

articles, they come before nouns

Kinds of articles,

1. Indefinite article -

The indefinite article "a" or "an" is used before singular countable nouns.
Example: a pen, an egg.

2. Definite article -

"the" is called definite article because it normally points particular person or things.

Example: He met the principal.

1) Prefix :-

A prefix is a letter or a group of letters added to the beginning of a word to change its meaning :-

Example :- happy / unhappy, play / replay, write / rewrite
virus / antiviral

2) Suffix :-

A suffix is a letter or a group of letters added to the end of a word to change its meaning.

Example :- Thank / thankful, help / helpless, develop / development,
Friend / friendship,

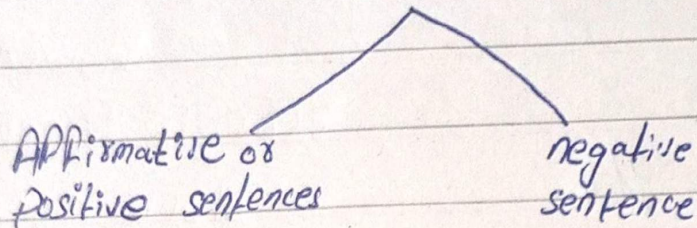
3) Homophone :-

ہم آواز کے ہیں ایک آواز سے دو لفظ (word) اور (meaning) ایک ہوتے ہیں۔

Example :- Pour / Por, sea / see, flower / floor,

Kind of Sentence (four kinds)

1) Declarative or assertive sentences



2) Imperative sentences

3) optative sentences

4) Exclamatory sentences

①

write a letter to your uncle thanking for his gift

Examination Hall,

Karachi

August 21, 2025

Dear uncle,

I am very thankful to you for the watch which you gave me on my birthday. It is a very fine watch. It will make me regular. I shall remember you in my prayers

Yours loving nephew,
M. Zayon.

(2)

- write a letter to your cousin, asking him to inform you about his program during Summer vacation <or> write a letter to your friend inviting him to spend Summer vacation with you.

Examination Hall,

A, B, C Road Karachi

August 21, 2025

Dear Anaya,

How are you? Hope you are doing well? I am also fine here. As you know that our vacation has started so I would like to invite you to spend this vacation with me. We will have lot of fun. I assure you that this will be an enjoyable experience for you.

Convey my regards to your parents

Yours lovingly
M. Zayan

③

• write a letter to your mother about the test
have just taken.

Examination Hall,

City A, B, C

Oct, 22, 2025

Dear mother,

I could not reply to you earlier
because I was preparing for a test in English. It was
held yesterday. I hope I will stand first in my
class. I request you to pray for it.

Yours loving son,
M. Zayan

(4)

• Letter to Father request for money to buy books.

Examination Hall,

A.B.C (city)

Jan, 28, 2026

Dear Father,

How are you I hope you are fine and I am writing this letter to ask you money. I need to buy books and I don't have enough money to those books. The price of all those book is 2000 rupees.

Yours Son,

M. Jayan.

⑤

• write a letter to your parents about your good result.

Examination Hall,

A.B.C (city)

Jan, 28, 2026

Dear father,

Assalamu-alaikum !

Hope you all are well. The result of our Annual Exam was published yesterday. you will be glad to know that I have stood first in the examination. now, I have been promoted to class Ten (10th) and new year will start soon.

No more today. convey my salam to mother.

Your loving son,
M. Sayan.

Essays in

Date _____

1. My Last day at School

The 12th of February was my last day at School. It was a day of mixed joy and sorrow. It is difficult for anyone to leave the School one day and forever. There was a small gathering arranged in our School. Our juniors welcomed us to the hall. Everyone gathered to bid us goodbye and to wish us for a better future.

I gave a speech on how we spent our school days there. Our teacher tried to inspire us with motivational words. Our principal praised us for being disciplined and honest in School. It was a memorable day.

2. Games and sports :

Games and sports are very important in your life. They keep our body strong and healthy. They keep us fresh and active. They are important for physical and mental health. They enhance the overall personality of a person. They teach us the value of time and team spirit. They are the means of entertainment. They help to develop our health and mind. They teach us discipline and togetherness. We should play some time every day.

Date: _____

3. A true Muslim:

The follower of Islam is called a muslim. A true muslim believes in Allah and His Last prophet Muhammad (ﷺ). He prays five times a day. He pays Zakat and performs Hajj. He fasts during the month of Ramzan. He has fair dealings with other people. His manners are good. He has a good moral character. He helps the needy and the poor. He always tries to seek knowledge. He speaks the truth and does the right. May Allah make all of us true muslim.

4. My Favorite personality is Hazrat Muhammad ﷺ

Hazrat Muhammad (ﷺ) was the last prophet of Islam. He was born in Makkah in the Year 571 AD. He received his first revelation at the age of 40. He spent his life teaching people about the message of Islam. He is known for his kindness, compassion and wisdom. He taught people to be honest, fair and justice. He encouraged people to help the poor and needy. He is respected and loved by muslim all over the world. His life and teachings are a source of guidance and inspiration for millions of people. Muslim celebrate his birthday every year on the 12th of Rabi-ul-Awwal.

5. My Hobby:

My favourite hobby is reading books. The books are my best friend. Book reading is a very satisfaction and pleasure book reading is a very good habit. It relaxes our mind. Reading books has increased my general knowledge. I buy my favourite books from the market to read. Reading books has taught me many benefits. My reading habit has taught me a lot about historical events. I have a very good collection of books in my house.

6. My Best Friend:

My best friend name is _____. He is ten years old. He lives near my house. He is my classmate. We go to school together. He is a well-mannered boy. He is very good in studies. He always helps me in studies. He is very kind and helpful. We play and study together. He is punctual and disciplined boy. He respects teachers and elders. He always speaks the truth. He is very good in sports. I learn many things from him. I share every thing with him. He never fights anyone. He is a good and true friend. I am proud of my best friend. I love my best friend.

7. My Aim in life:

Everyone has different aims in life. The aim is very important for achieving something. My aim in life is to become a successful doctor. The doctor plays a major role in our lives. They are very hardworking and polite. They dedicate their lives to their work. They always try to cure patients' diseases. I want to save people's lives by becoming a doctor. I will provide free treatment to poor people. In the future, I will be serving my nation as a doctor.

8. My Best Friend:

I have many friend. But Ahmad is my best friend. He is my age fellow. He is my neighbour. He is an intelligent student. My best friend is funny. Every body loves him. He is my class fellow. His father is a doctor. He is punctual. He gets up early in the morning. He wears clean clothes. He respects the teacher. He says his prayer five time a day. He recites the holy Quran daily. we play together. I am proud of my friend.

9. A visit to a Historical place:

Last Sunday, we went to the Red Fort by a specially hired bus. Along the entrance two rows of shops selling handicrafts. During the Mughal times, this was known as Meena Bazaar. After crossing the lawn, we reached the historic building known as "Naubat Khana". Then we saw "Diwan-e-Aam" or the Hall of public Audience.